



Lyppard Grange Primary School

CLA & CPLA Policy

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| Reviewed by | Local Governing Body |
| Signature of Chair | <i>Lee Houghton</i> |

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Statement of intent

Educational achievement and subsequent life chances for CLA and CPLA are of real concern. Pupils who are looked after often require additional support and attention in order to improve their situation.

Lyppard Grange Primary School endeavours to provide positive experiences and offer stability, safety, and individual care and attention for all our pupils. With this in mind, we aim to:

- Encourage pupils to reach their potential and to make good progress in relation to their professional, social and emotional development.
- Ensure that pupils enjoy high quality teaching and a curriculum which meets their needs and the requirements of legislation.
- Plan support for CLA realistically and use the school's resources efficiently to ensure the school meets their needs.
- Promote a positive culture in all aspects of school life.
- Help pupils develop their cultural, moral and social understanding.

1. Legal framework

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and statutory guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

- Children Act 1989
- The Care Planning, Placement and Case Review (England) Regulations 2010
- Children (Leaving Care) Act 2000
- Children and Young Persons Act 2008
- Academies Act 2010
- Children and Families Act 2014
- Children and Social Work Act 2017
- DfE 'Promoting the education of looked-after children and previously looked-after children'
- DfE 'The designated teacher for looked-after and previously looked-after children'
- DfE 'Suspension and permanent exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement'
- DfE 'Keeping children safe in education 2025'
- DfE 'Working together to safeguard children 2023'

2. Definitions

"Looked-after children (CLA)" are defined as children who:

- Are provided with accommodation, for a continuous period of more than 24 hours under the Children Act 1989, sections 20 and 21.
- Are subject to a Care Order or Interim Care Order under the Children Act 1989, part 4.
- Are subject to a placement order.

"Previously CLA (CPLA)" are defined under the Children and Social Work Act 2017 as children who:

- Are no longer looked after by an LA because they are the subject of an adoption, special guardianship or child arrangements order; or were adopted from 'state care' outside England and Wales. "State Care" is care provided by a public authority, a religious organisation or any other organisation whose sole or main purpose is to benefit society.

3. Roles and responsibilities

The governing board is responsible for:

- Complying with their duties under legislation, having regard to [KCSIE](#) guidance and ensuring that policies, procedures and training in the school are effective and comply with the law at all times.
- Adopting a whole-school approach to safeguarding arrangements and child protection, ensuring it is central to the school's processes.
- Holding the school to account on how it supports CLA and CPLA, including how the Pupil Premium+ (PP+) is used and their level of progress.
- Working with the LA to promote the educational achievement of registered pupils who are CLA or CPLA.
- Ensuring the school has a coherent policy for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of CLA and CPLA.
- Reviewing the school's policies and procedures in conjunction with legislation and statutory guidance.
- Ensuring that there are no unintended barriers to the admission of CLA and CPLA either at normal transition or any other point of the school year.
- Appointing a designated teacher (DT), who is appropriately qualified to support the educational achievement of CLA and CPLA.
- Ensuring the designated teacher for CLA and CPLA has access to appropriate training, resources and support.
- Ensuring that appropriate staff have the information they need in relation to each CLA OR CPLA'S:
 - Legal status (i.e. whether they are looked after under voluntary arrangements with consent of parents or on an interim or full care order).

- Contact arrangements with birth parents or those with parental responsibility.
- Care arrangements and the levels of authority delegated to the carer by the LA.
- Ensuring that staff have the skills, knowledge and understanding to keep CLA and CPLA safe.
- Ensuring that there are clear systems and processes in place for identifying and reporting possible safeguarding or mental health concerns amongst CLA and CPLA.
- Ensuring CLA and CPLA have equal access to all areas of the curriculum and that reasonable adjustments are made, if necessary.
- Reviewing the annual report produced by the DT to evaluate the progress of CLA and CPLA in the school.
- Ensuring they receive feedback from the Head Teacher regarding the effectiveness of the policy on an annual basis.

The Head Teacher is responsible for:

- Appointing the DT for CLA and CPLA.
- Allowing the DT the time and facilities to succeed in carrying out their duties.
- Overseeing this policy and monitoring its implementation, feeding back to the governing board annually on the following:
 - The number of CLA and CPLA in the school
 - An analysis of assessment scores as a cohort, compared to other pupil groups
 - The attendance of CLA and CPLA, compared to other pupil groups
 - The level of fixed term and permanent exclusions of CLA and CPLA, compared to other pupil groups
- Ensuring all members of staff are aware that supporting CLA is a key priority.
- Ensuring PP+ for CLA and CPLA is managed effectively.
- Promoting the advantages of actively challenging negative stereotypes of CLA.
- Understanding the role of the VSH and working with them to promote the educational achievement of CLA and CPLA.

The DT for CLA and CPLA is responsible for:

- Working with the VSH and social worker to:
 - Promote the educational achievement of CLA and CPLA.
 - Develop and implement their PEP.
 - Discuss how funding can be used to support the pupil's progress and meet the needs identified in their PEP.
- Contributing to the development and review of whole school policies affecting CLA and CPLA to ensure the policies meet the needs of CLA and CPLA.
- Building relationships with health, education and social care partners and other partners so that they and the VSH understand the support available to CLA and CPLA.
- Taking lead responsibility for ensuring school staff understand what can affect how CLA and CPLA learn and achieve and how the whole school supports the educational achievement of these pupils.
- Acting as the main contact for social services and the DfE.
- Promoting a culture of high expectations and aspirations.
- Ensuring CLA and CPLA are involved in setting their own targets.
- Advising staff on teaching strategies when working with CLA and CPLA.
- Ensuring that CLA and CPLA are prioritised for one-to-one tuition and support.
- Leading on how the child's PEP is developed and used in school to ensure the child's progress towards targets is monitored.
- Liaising with the SENCO to ensure all pupil needs are met.
- Being vigilant in observing any potential safeguarding concerns that could arise surrounding CLA and CPLA due to their increased vulnerability to harm, and reporting these to the DSL as soon as they arise.
- Playing a key part in decisions on how pupil premium plus funding is used.
- Working with the Head Teacher to submit an annual report to the governing board, which details the progress of all CLA and CPLA.

The DSL is responsible for:

- Keeping up-to-date records of CLA and CPLA's respective social worker and VSH.
- Highlighting the importance of recognising and reporting safeguarding concerns regarding CLA and CPLA as soon as possible due to their increased vulnerability to harm.
- Keeping up-to-date contact details of their LA personal advisor, where a child becomes a care leaver, and liaising with the advisor as necessary regarding any issues of concern affecting the care leaver.

The SENCO is responsible for:

- Ensuring they are involved in reviewing PEP and care plans for CLA and CPLA.
- Liaising with the class teacher, DT, specialists and parents when considering interventions to support the progress of CLA and CPLA.

Staff are responsible for:

- Being aware of the emotional, psychological and social effects of loss and separation (attachment awareness) from birth families and that some children may find it difficult to build relationships of trust with adults because of their experiences.
- Preserving confidentiality, where appropriate, and showing sensitivity and understanding.
- Developing an understanding of the role of social workers, VSHs and carers, and how the PEP fits into the wider care planning duties of the LA looking after the pupil.
- Understanding the importance of involving the pupil's parents, guardians or carers in decisions affecting their child's education.
- Being a contact for parents, guardians or carers who want advice or have concerns about their pupil's progress at school.
- Being vigilant for any signs of bullying towards CLA and CPLA.
- Being vigilant for any signs of safeguarding concerns surrounding CLA and CPLA due to their increased vulnerability to harm, and reporting any concerns to the DSL as soon as possible.
- Promoting the self-esteem of CLA and CPLA.

[Note: LAs are required to employ a VSH to ensure its duty to promote the educational achievement of CLA and CPLA is properly discharged. The school is not responsible or accountable for the actions and responsibilities of this person. The following information therefore provides summary information on the role of the VSH and what level of support the school can expect when working together to promote the educational achievement of this CLA and CPLA.]

The VSH is responsible for:

- Ensuring that arrangements are in place to improve the educational experiences and outcomes of CLA and CPLA placed within and outside the authority.
- Monitoring and evaluating the educational attainment and progress of CLA as if those children attended a single school.
- Ensuring that there are effective systems in place to:
 - Maintain an up-to-date roll of the CLA and CPLA who are attending the school.
 - Gather information about the education placement, attendance and educational progress of CLA and CPLA.
 - Ensure social workers, the DT, the school, carers and Independent Reviewing Officers (IROs) understand their role and responsibilities in initiating, developing, reviewing and updating the pupil's PEP and how they help meet the needs identified in that PEP.
 - Ensure all CLA and CPLA at the school have up-to-date, effective and high-quality PEPs that focus on educational outcomes.
 - Avoid drift or delay in providing suitable educational provision, including special educational provision, and unplanned termination of educational arrangements through proactive, multi-agency co-operation.
 - Ensure the educational achievement of CLA is seen as a priority by everyone who has responsibilities for promoting their welfare.
 - Report regularly on the attainment, progress and school attendance of CLA through the LA's corporate parenting structures.
- In respect of CPLA's the VSH will:
 - respond to parental requests for advice and information

- respond to requests for advice and information from the DT, and build a good working relationship with the DT
- make general advice and information available to the school to improve awareness of the vulnerability and needs of CPLA, including promoting good practice on identifying and meeting their needs, and guidance on effective use of the PP+

4. Personal education plan (PEP)

The school is aware that all CLA must have a care plan or a detention placement plan where the child is remanded to youth detention, and that PEPs are an integral part of this care plan.

The school understands that the PEP is intended to serve as an evolving record of what needs to happen for a pupil to enable them to make the expected progress and fulfil their potential.

The school is aware that, wherever a pupil is placed, it is the responsibility of their social worker, supported by the authority's VSH, to initiate a PEP and arrange to meet with the school and the pupil's carer.

The school will ensure that children's PEPs reflect the importance of a personalised approach to learning which meets the identified educational needs of the pupil and will be reviewed termly.

The DT will liaise with the VSH and social workers to share information and act as the in-school lead on how the PEP is developed and used to make sure the pupil's progress towards education targets is monitored.

The school, in collaboration with the pupil, carer, and other professionals will collaborate to ensure completion of the PEP and that PEP is used as a working document intended to support the pupil's educational needs, raise their aspirations and improve their life chances.

The school will work with the VSH, social worker and other relevant agencies to monitor any arrangements in place so that actions and activities recorded in the pupil's PEP are implemented without delay.

The school is aware that PP+ for CPLA will be allocated directly to, and managed by, the school, and will work with the VSH to manage allocation of PP+ for the benefit of the cohort of CLA, or CPLA, and according to their needs. If deemed necessary, the school will allocate an amount of funding to an individual to support their needs.

The DT will communicate with the VSH and agree on how PP+ can be used effectively to accommodate the pupil's educational attainment and progress.

PEP content

The PEP will address the pupil's full range of education and development needs, including:

- Access to nursery provision that is appropriate to the child's age and meets their identified developmental needs. .
- On-going catch-up support, which will be made available for children who have fallen behind with school work.
- Suitable education provided by the LA, where the child is not in school because of suspension or exclusion.
- Transitional support where needed, such as if a child is moving to a new school.
- School attendance and behaviour support, where appropriate.
- Support to help the child meet their aspirations, which includes:
 - Support to achieve expected levels of progress for the relevant national key stage and to complete an appropriate range of approved qualifications.
 - Careers advice, guidance and financial information about FE, training and employment, that focusses on the child's strengths, capabilities and the outcomes they want to achieve.
 - Out-of-school hours learning activities, study support and leisure interests.

The VSH and the DT will ensure that information is included within a CLA's PEP surrounding how they are benefitting from any use of PP+ funding to improve their attainment. Any interventions supported by PP+ will be evidence-based and in the best interests of the pupil.

5. Working with agencies and the VSH

The school is aware that strong multi-agency and multi-disciplinary working is vital to identifying and responding to the needs of CLA and CPLA.

The school will work proactively and collaboratively with other professionals in other agencies and organisations in line with the framework of expectations outlined in the government's [Working Together to Safeguard Children](#) statutory guidance document by:

- Collaborating with services to achieve shared goals and share information.
- Learning from evidence and sharing perspective to evaluate provision.
- Prioritising and sharing resources depending on pupils' needs.
- Celebrating inclusivity and diversity and challenging discrimination.
- Mutually and constructively challenging others' assumptions in a respectful manner.

Information Sharing

The school recognises the importance of proactive information sharing between professionals and local agencies in order to effectively meet pupils' needs.

Staff will be made aware that whilst the UK GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018 place a duty on schools to process personal information fairly and lawfully, they also allow for information to be stored and shared for safeguarding purposes, as data protection regulations do not act as a barrier to sharing information where failure to do so would result in the pupil being placed at risk of harm.

If staff members are in doubt about sharing information and data protection legislation, they will be encouraged to speak to the DSL.

Appropriate and specific arrangements for sharing reliable data will be put in place to ensure that the education needs of CLA and CPLA are understood and met. The arrangements set out will include:

- Who has access to information on CLA and CPLA and how data will remain secure.
- How pupils and parents are informed of, and allowed to challenge, information that is kept about them.
- How carers contribute to and receive information.
- Mechanisms for sharing information between the school and relevant LA departments.
- How relevant information about individual pupils is passed between authorities, departments and the school when pupils move.

School staff will be proactive in sharing information in accordance with data protection principles as early as possible to help identify, assess, and respond to risks or concerns about the safety and welfare of pupils. This will include sharing information about any adults with whom a pupil has contact, which may impact the pupil's safety or welfare, where necessary.

The school will aim to be as transparent as possible by telling families what information they are sharing and with whom, provided that it is safe to do so.

The school will ensure that copies of all relevant reports are forwarded to the social workers of CLA and CPLA, in addition to carers or residential social workers.

The DT will ensure consistent and strong communication with the VSH regarding CLA who are absent without authorisation.

The school will share their expertise on what works in supporting the education of CLA and CPLA.

The school will coordinate review meetings; for example, hold their annual review of CLA with their statutory care review.

6. Training

The DT and other school staff involved in the education of CLA and CPLA will receive the appropriate training, including information about the following:

- School admissions arrangements
- SEND
- Attendance
- Exclusions
- Homework
- Managing and challenging behaviour
- Promoting positive educational and recreational activities
- Supporting pupils to be aspirational for their future education, training and employment
- Safeguarding

The governing board will ensure that staff are equipped with the skills, knowledge and understanding necessary to keep CLA and CPLA safe through training.

7. Safeguarding

The school is aware that CLA and CPLA most commonly become looked after because of abuse and/or neglect and because of this, they can be at potentially greater risk in relation to safeguarding.

The school recognises that many CLA and CPLA have experienced trauma, abuse or complex family circumstances that have led to them being placed in care, and will ensure that all staff are aware that experiences of adversity such as these can leave pupils vulnerable to further harm or exploitation.

All staff will be trained to recognise signs and indicators of safeguarding concerns and will ensure that extra vigilance is practiced in observing and identifying these indicators amongst CLA and CPLA as soon as possible.

Where a CLA or CPLA has a social worker, this will inform decisions about safeguarding, e.g. responding to absence from education where being absent from education may increase known safeguarding risks within the family or in the community.

The Head Teacher will implement appropriate pastoral support services in place throughout the school to ensure that the welfare of CLA and CPLA can be adequately protected to the extent that reflects their increased vulnerability.

Staff will be encouraged to report to the DSL any concerns they have over CLA or CPLA in line with the processes outlined in the Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy.

When there is reasonable cause to suspect that a CLA or CPLA is suffering or is likely to suffer significant harm, the school will collaborate in the multi-agency strategy discussion where appropriate to determine the pupil's welfare and plan rapid further action as necessary. The school's representative at any strategy discussion meetings will be sufficiently senior, skilled and experienced, and authorised to make decisions on the school's behalf. Information and analysis about the pupil and their family will be provided as required.

Staff will be regularly encouraged to look for signs of bullying and report to the DT if they believe a CLA or CPLA is being bullied, as this can have a particularly negative impact on pupils who have early experiences of rejection or abandonment.

8. Mental health

All staff will be made aware that mental health problems can, in some cases, be an indicator that a pupil has suffered, or is at risk of suffering, abuse, neglect or exploitation.

The school is aware that CLA and CPLA are more likely to experience the challenge of social, emotional and mental health (SEMH) issues which can impact their behaviour and education. The school will support the DT in developing their knowledge, awareness, training and skills to support children with behaviour management and mental health.

The DT will work with the VSH to ensure school staff are able to identify signs of potential mental health issues, understand the impact issues can have on CLA and CPLA, and know how to access further assessment and support, where necessary. This includes being “attachment aware” whereby school staff understand the impact of attachment disorders on a child’s emotional development and learning. A whole school approach will be adopted to identify and support pupils with attachment difficulties.

The school understands that the increased frequency of mental health problems amongst CLA and CPLA may present a barrier to adequately identifying when mental health problems are indicative of a safeguarding concern. For this reason, the designated teacher will ensure that they, and all staff who maintain regular contact with CLA or CPLA are vigilant surrounding any changes in the mental health, behaviour, social inclination or mood of these pupils.

A questionnaire will be used on a termly basis to help social workers and other relevant professionals to form a view about CLA and CPLA’s current emotional wellbeing. Teachers will complete their element of the questionnaire to assist social workers in their assessment.

The school’s senior mental health lead will work alongside the DT to promote the wellbeing and mental health of CLA and CPLA, and will always either be a member of, or be supported by the senior leadership team and could be the pastoral lead, SENCO, or DSL.

The school will adhere to its SEMH Policy when responding to potential or explicit mental health issues amongst the CLA or CPLA cohort.

9. Suspension and exclusion

Past experiences of CLA and CPLA will be considered when designing and implementing the school’s Behaviour Policy and Suspension and Exclusion Policy.

The school recognises that suspending or excluding CLA or CPLA can make them more vulnerable to harm due to not having the protection and opportunities school provides. When responding to incidents involving CLA and CPLA the school will show full regard to the DfE's statutory guidance '[Suspension and permanent exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement](#)'. The Head Teacher will balance this recognition alongside the need to ensure calm and safe environments for all staff and pupils, devising strategies that take both into consideration.

Where the school has concerns about a CLA's behaviour, the VSH will be informed at the earliest opportunity. As far as possible, the school will engage proactively with the social worker or carer of a CLA to provide appropriate support for underlying issues that may be causing poor behaviour and improving this behaviour.

Where the school has concerns about the behaviour of a CPLA which could result in them being excluded, the child's parents or DT may seek the advice of the VSH on strategies to support the child to avoid exclusion.

As part of the termly review of a pupil's PEP, any concerns about their behaviour will be recorded, alongside information on how they are being supported to improve this and reduce the likelihood of exclusion.

Suspension or permanent exclusion will only be used as a last resort. Permanent exclusion will only occur where there has been serious and/or persistent breaches of the school's Behaviour Policy, or where allowing the pupil to remain in school would seriously harm the education or welfare of others.

Where a CLA is excluded, the school will document the provision of immediate suitable education in the pupil's PEP.

10. Pupils with SEND

In cases where pupils have an EHCP, the DT will work with the VSH to ensure that their EHCP works in harmony with their care plan and PEP to tell a coherent and comprehensive story of how the pupil's needs are being met.

Support for CLA with SEND, who do not need an EHC plan, will be covered as part of the child's PEP and care plan reviews.

For CPLA, the SENCO, class teacher, DT and specialists will involve parents when considering interventions to support their child's progress. If appropriate, the VSH will be invited to comment on proposed SEND provision for CPLA.

The DT and the SENCO will ensure that CLA and CPLA with SEND are supported in line with the SEND Policy, with extra consideration given to the fact that some of the usual procedures for supporting pupils with SEND may lack applicability for CLA, e.g. where CLA are in residential care and, thus, will have their EHC plans taken care of by the LA rather than the general stipulation of the place where they are ordinarily resident.

11. Monitoring and review

This policy will be reviewed on a three year basis by the designated teacher and the Head Teacher. The next scheduled review date for this policy is January 2029.

All changes to this policy will be communicated to all relevant stakeholders.